

GEOMETRY

Numbers and Operations Standard: 1 Understands and applies concepts of numbers and operations				
Power Benchmark 1: Understands numbers, ways of representing numbers, relationships among numbers, and number systems.				
Course Level Benchmark	Vocabulary	Background Knowledge/Prior Skills	Skills to Assess	
a. <u>Simplifies expressions involving radicals</u> ITED * ACT SAT ASVAB	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Radical • Exact form • Approximate form • Perfect-square factors • Square root • Like/unlike radical • Negative square root • Rationalize denominators 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Knows $\sqrt{ab} = \sqrt{a} \cdot \sqrt{b}$ • Knows $\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}} = \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}$ • Knows the distributive property can be used to combine radicals • Knows how to rationalize denominators 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Writes radicals in simplest form (ITED, ACT, SAT) • Express radicals in exact form and approximate form - • Performs mathematical operations with radicals (ACT, SAT, ASVAB) • Solves simple problems involving radicals, such as Pythagorean Theorem, Midpoint Theorem, Distance Formula, Trigonometric ratios (ITED, ACT, SAT) 	

Algebra Standard: 2 Understands and applies concepts of algebra and functions				
Power Benchmark 2: Represents and analyzes mathematical situations and structures using algebraic symbols				
Course Level Benchmark	Vocabulary	Background Knowledge/Prior Skills	Skills to Assess	
a. Recognizes patterns and relationships	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Patterns • Rule • Inductive reasoning • Conjecture • Counterexample 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identifies and extends patterns • Uses a variety of formats to represent patterns 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Recognizes operations used in a pattern - • Identifies rules that describe number patterns - 	

Geometry Standard: 3 Understands and applies concepts of geometry

Power Benchmark 1: Analyzes characteristics and properties of two- and three-dimensional geometric shapes and develops mathematical arguments about geometric relationships

Course Level Benchmark	Vocabulary	Background Knowledge/Prior Skills	Skills to Assess	
<p>a. <u>Describes figures by their properties</u> ACT</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Polygon • Regular polygon • Triangle • Scalene • Isosceles • Equilateral • Equiangular • Right triangle • Hypotenuse • Leg • Obtuse triangle • Acute triangle • Convex • Concave • Circle • Quadrilateral • Parallelogram • Rhombus • Kite • Rectangle • Square • Trapezoid • Cone • Cylinder • Prism • Pyramid • Sphere • Diagonal • Altitude • Median 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Knows the properties of polygons, prisms, cylinders, & circles 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Describes geometric figures using their properties - • Classifies figures by their discrete properties (ACT) 	

Geometry Standard: 3 Understands and applies concepts of geometry

Power Benchmark 1: Analyzes characteristics and properties of two- and three-dimensional geometric shapes and develops mathematical arguments about geometric relationships (con't)

Course Level Benchmark	Vocabulary	Background Knowledge/Prior Skills	Skills to Assess	
b. <u>Describes relationships between figures using properties of lines</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Point • Endpoint • Line • Segment • Ray • Plane • Parallel lines • Perpendicular lines • Skew lines • Intersecting Lines • Bisectors • Midpoint • Collinear • Coplanar • Distance formula • Midpoint formula 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Knows properties of line segments • Knows the midpoint of a line segment divides the line into two equal parts • Knows how to find the slope of a line • Knows how to graph a linear equation 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Uses properties of lines to describe relationships between figures - • Uses distance formula - • Uses midpoint formula - • Uses slope to determine whether lines are parallel, perpendicular, or neither - 	

Geometry Standard: 3 Understands and applies concepts of geometry

Power Benchmark 1: Analyzes characteristics and properties of two- and three-dimensional geometric shapes and develops mathematical arguments about geometric relationships (con't)

Course Level Benchmark	Vocabulary	Background Knowledge/Prior Skills	Skills to Assess	
<p>c. <u>Describes relationships between figures using properties of angles and sides</u> ACT</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Vertical angles • Adjacent angles • Complementary angles • Supplementary angles • Right angles • Parallel lines • Transversal • Interior angle • Exterior angle • Corresponding angles • Alternate interior angles • Vertex 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Knows the properties of angles • Understands the relationship of angles when two parallel lines are cut by a transversal 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Uses properties of angles to describe relationships between figures (ACT) 	
<p>d. <u>Describes relationships among figures using congruence and similarity</u> ACT</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Congruent • Similar • Corresponding parts • Proportionality • Similar figures • Congruent figures 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Knows the properties of congruent and similar figures • Knows the difference between similarity and congruence • Knows the ratios of pairs of corresponding sides of similar triangles are equivalent 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Recognizes figures as congruent and similar - • Uses proportionality to show similarity (ACT) 	

Geometry Standard: 3 Understands and applies concepts of geometry				
Power Benchmark 2: Specifies locations and describes spatial relationships using coordinate geometry and other representational systems				
Course Level Benchmark	Vocabulary	Background Knowledge/Prior Skills	Skills to Assess	
a. <u>Demonstrates how geometric relationships correspond directly to algebraic concepts using the coordinate plane</u> ACT SAT	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Coordinate plane • Midsegment • Distance formula • Midpoint formula • Slope formula 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Knows the formulas for distance, midpoint, and slope 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Uses the distance and midpoint formulas correctly - • Uses the distance and slope formulas to classify quadrilaterals - 	

Power Benchmark 3: Applies transformations and uses symmetry to analyze mathematical situations				
Course Level Benchmark	Vocabulary	Background Knowledge/Prior Skills	Skills to Assess	
a. <u>Describes transformations using various representations</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Transformation • Image • Preimage • Isometry • Orientation • Translation • Composition • Rotation • Reflection • Dilation • Vector 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Knows the difference between the types of transformations 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Represents transformations using sketches, coordinates, vectors and matrices - 	

Geometry Standard: Understands and applies concepts of geometry				
Power Benchmark 3: Applies transformations and uses symmetry to analyze mathematical situations (con't)				
Course Level Benchmark	Vocabulary	Background Knowledge/Prior Skills	Skills to Assess	
b. <u>Describes figures in terms of their symmetry</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Symmetry • Reflectional symmetry • Rotational symmetry • Point symmetry 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Knows the difference among types of symmetry 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identifies the types of symmetry in a figure - 	
Power Benchmark 4: Uses visualization, spatial reasoning, and geometric modeling to solve problems				
Course Level Benchmark	Vocabulary	Background Knowledge/Prior Skills	Skills to Assess	
a. <u>Builds logical reasoning skills using proofs</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Conjecture • Proof • Theorem • Corollary • Postulate • Inductive reasoning • Deductive reasoning • Hypothesis • Conclusion • Conditional • Converse • Biconditional • Negation • Inverse • Contrapositive • Two-column proof • Paragraph proof • Indirect proof • Flow proof • Coordinate proof 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Knows relevant definitions, theorems and postulates 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Uses inductive and deductive reasoning to verify relationships - • Uses proofs to write convincing arguments - • Establishes the validity of conjectures - 	

Geometry Standard: 3 Understands and applies concepts of geometry

Power Benchmark 4: Uses visualization, spatial reasoning, and geometric modeling to solve problems (con't)

Course Level Benchmark	Vocabulary	Background Knowledge/Prior Skills	Skills to Assess	
<p>b. <u>Applies formulas for perimeter, area, and volume to various 2D and 3D figures</u> ITED*** ACT SAT</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Perimeter • Circumference • Area • Surface area • Lateral area • Base area • Volume • Composite figure • Base • Altitude • Height • Slant height • Edge • Apothem 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Knows the formulas for perimeter, area, surface area, and volume 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Computes the perimeter of various figures (ITED-rectangle only, SAT) • Computes the circumference of a circle (ITED, ACT, SAT) • Computes the area of various figures (ITED-rectangle only, ACT, SAT) • Computes the volume of various figures (ITED-rectangle only, ACT, SAT) • Finds area of regular polygons - 	
<p>c. <u>Proves and verifies relationships using properties of triangles</u> ITED* ACT</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pythagorean Theorem • 30-60-90 triangle • 45-45-90 triangle • Right triangle 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Knows the Pythagorean Theorem • Knows the properties of special triangles 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Applies Pythagorean Theorem & its converse to find segment lengths (ITED, ACT) • Applies Pythagorean Theorem & its converse to find segment lengths (ACT) 	
<p>d. <u>Proves and verifies relationships using properties of triangles</u> ACT</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Trigonometry • Sine • Cosine • Tangent • Inverse sine • Inverse cosine • Inverse tangent • Vector • Angle of elevation • Angle of depression 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Determines the appropriate trigonometric ratio for a specific problem (ACT) • Uses trigonometric ratios to find segment lengths and angle measurements (ACT) 	

Data Analysis and Probability Standard: 5 Understands and applies concepts of data analysis and probability				
Power Benchmark 4: Understands and applies concepts of probability				
Course Level Benchmark	Vocabulary	Background Knowledge/Prior Skills	Skills to Assess	
a. <u>Uses geometric models to find the probability of events</u> ITED ACT SAT	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Geometric probability • Favorable outcomes • Possible outcomes 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Knows the probability of event = (# of favorable outcomes/ # of possible outcomes) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Uses a model to compute the geometric probability of an event 	

Problem Solving Standard: 6 Understands and applies problem solving strategies				
Power Benchmark 1: Uses a variety of strategies to solve problems				
Course Level Benchmark	Vocabulary	Background Knowledge/Prior Skills	Skills to Assess	
a. Applies and adapts a variety of appropriate strategies to solve problems	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Solves equations proficiently 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Draws appropriate diagrams • Sets up the problem • Accurately solves the problem • Tests validity of the solution 	

Measurement Standard: 4 Understand and apply concepts of measurement				
Power Benchmark 2: Applies appropriate techniques, tools and formulas to determine measurements				
Course Level Benchmark	Vocabulary	Background Knowledge/Prior Skills	Skills to Assess	
a. Selects and applies appropriate formulas for perimeter, area and volume for various 2D figures and 3D solids	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Perimeter • Circumference • Area • Surface area • Lateral area • Base area • Volume • Base • Altitude • Height • Slant height • Edge • Apothem 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Knows the formulas for perimeter, area, lateral area, base area, surface area, and volume 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Computes the perimeter of various figures (ITED, SAT) • Computes the circumference of a circle (ITED, ACT, SAT) • Computes the area of various figures (ITED, ACT, SAT) • Computes the volume of various solids (ITED, ACT, SAT) • Finds area of regular polygons 	